## HUDSONVILLE PUBLIG SCHOOLS ELEMENTARY GOURSE FRAMEWORK

GOURSE/SUBJEGT

| UNIT PACING Names of units and approximate pacing | LEARNING TARGETS <br> Students will be able to... | STANDARD <br> Which Common Core standards does this address? | ASSESSMENTS <br> Which assessments are given to determine student growth? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math Expressions Common Core <br> Unit 1: Addition and Subtraction Within 20 <br> September/October | - I can solve one- and two-step addition word problems by using drawings and equations. <br> - I can solve one- and two-step subtraction word problems by using drawings and equations. <br> - I can fluently add within 20 in my head. <br> - I can fluently subtract within 20 in my head. <br> - I can say or write all the addition facts (two 1-digit numbers) from memory. <br> - I can tell if a group of objects up to 20 has an odd or even number. <br> - I can show an even number as an addition equation with the same addend. <br> - I can fluently add within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me. <br> - I can fluently subtract within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me. <br> - I can add up to four 2-digit numbers using place value strategies and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me. <br> - I can explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and what I know about addition and subtraction. | 2.OA. 1 <br> 2.OA. 2 <br> 2.OA. 3 <br> 2.NBT. 5 <br> 2.NBT. 6 <br> 2.NBT. 9 | Unit 1 Quick Quizzes <br> Unit 1 Assessment |

Math Expressions
Common Core
Unit 2: Addition Within 200

October/November

- I can solve one- and two-step addition word problems by using drawings and equations
- I can solve one- and two-step subtraction word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can fluently add within 20 in my head.
- I can fluently subtract within 20 in my head.
- I can say or write all the addition facts (two 1-digit numbers) from memory.
- I can understand that the three digits of a 3 -digit number are the hundreds, tens, and ones.
- I can understand that 100 is the same as ten tens.
- I can count within 1,000.
- I can skip count by 5 s.
- I can skip count by 10 .
- I can skip count by 100 s
- I can read and write numbers to 1,000 using digits.
- I can read and write numbers to 1,000 using number names.
- I can read and write numbers to 1,000 in expanded form.
- I can compare two 3-digit numbers using <, >, =.
- I can fluently add within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can fluently subtract within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add up to four 2-digit numbers using place value strategies and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add within 1,000 , using hands-on math tools or drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can subtract within 1,000, using hands-on math tools or drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can show how the strategy I used matches a written method.
- I can understand that when I'm adding or subtracting 3-digit numbers, I add or subtract hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and ones.
- I can understand that when I'm adding or subtracting sometimes I need to put together or break apart tens or hundreds.
- I can add 10 or 100 to a number between 100-900 in my head.
- I can subtract 10 or 100 from a number between 100-900 in my head.
- I can explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and what I know about addition and subtraction.
- I can solve word problems about money.
- I can use $\$$ and $\phi$ symbols correctly.



## Math Expressions

Common Core
Unit 4: Subtract 2-Digit Numbers

January/February

- I can solve one- and two-step addition word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can solve one- and two-step subtraction word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can fluently add within 20 in my head.
- I can fluently subtract within 20 in my head.
- I can say or write all the addition facts (two 1-digit numbers) from memory.
- I can understand that the three digits of a 3 -digit number are the hundreds, tens, and ones.
- I can understand that 100 is the same as ten tens.
- I can understand that the numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 mean one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and o tens and o ones).
- I can count within 1,000 .
- I can skip count by 5 s.
- I can skip count by 10 .
- I can skip count by 100 .
- I can fluently add within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can fluently subtract within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add up to four 2-digit numbers using place value strategies and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add within 1,000 , using hands-on math tools or drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can subtract within 1,000 , using hands-on math tools or drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can show how the strategy I used matches a written method.
- I can understand that when I'm adding or subtracting 3-digit numbers, I add or subtract hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and ones.
- I can understand that when I'm adding or subtracting sometimes I need to put together or break apart tens or hundreds
- I can explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and what I know about addition and subtraction.
- I can estimate length using inches, feet, centimeters, and meters.
- I can measure to figure out how much longer one object is than another.
- I can use addition and subtraction to solve word problems about length.
- I can solve word problems about money.
- I can use $\$$ and $\phi$ symbols correctly.

Math Expressions
Common Core
Unit 5: Time, Graphs, and Word Problems

- I can solve one- and two-step addition word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can solve one- and two-step subtraction word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can fluently add within 20 in my head.
- I can fluently subtract within 20 in my head.

February

- I can say or write all the addition facts (two 1-digit numbers) from memory.
- I can count within 1,000.
- I can skip count by 5 s.
- I can skip count by 10 .
- I can skip count by 100 s.
- I can compare two 3-digit numbers using $<,>,=$.
- I can fluently add within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can fluently subtract within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add up to four 2-digit numbers using place value strategies and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can tell time from an analog and digital clock to the nearest five minutes, using a.m. and p.m.
- I can write time from an analog and digital clock to the nearest five minutes, using a.m. and p.m.
- I can draw a picture graph to represent a data set with up to four categories.
- I can draw a bar graph to represent a data set with up to four categories.
- I can solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems using data from a bar graph.
- I can break circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal parts.
- I can describes the parts using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc.,
- I can describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, or four fourths.
- I can recognize that equal parts of identical wholes (two of the same sized rectangles) do not need to have the same shape.


## Math Expressions

Common Core
Unit 6: 3-Digit Addition and Subtraction

March/April

- I can solve one- and two-step addition word problems by using drawings and equations
- I can solve one- and two-step subtraction word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can understand that the three digits of a 3-digit number are the hundreds, tens, and ones.
- I can understand that 100 is the same as ten tens.
- I can understand that the numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 mean one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and o tens and o ones).
- I can count within 1,000 .
- I can skip count by 5 s.
- I can skip count by 10 .
- I can skip count by 100 s
- I can read and write numbers to 1,000 using digits.
- I can read and write numbers to 1,000 using number names.
- I can read and write numbers to 1,000 in expanded form.
- I can compare two 3-digit numbers using <, >, =.
- I can fluently add within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can fluently subtract within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add within 1,000 , using hands-on math tools or drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can subtract within 1,000, using hands-on math tools or drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can show how the strategy I used matches a written method.
- I can understand that when I'm adding or subtracting 3-digit numbers, I add or subtract hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and ones.
- I can understand that when I'm adding or subtracting sometimes I need to put together or break apart tens or hundreds.
- I can add 10 or 100 to a number between 100-900 in my head.
- I can subtract 10 or 100 from a number between 100-900 in my head.
- I can explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and what I know about addition and subtraction.
- I can solve word problems about money.
- I can use $\$$ and $\phi$ symbols correctly.

Math Expressions
Common Core
Unit 7: Arrays, Equal
Shares, and Adding or
Subtracting Lengths

- I can solve one- and two-step addition word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can solve one- and two-step subtraction word problems by using drawings and equations.
- I can tell if a group of objects up to 20 has an odd or even number.
- I can show an even number as an addition equation with the same addend.
- I can use addition to find the total number of objects in an array (up to 5 by 5 ).
- I can write an equation to show that I found the total by adding equal addends.
- I can fluently add within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can fluently subtract within 100 using drawings, place value strategies, and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can add up to four 2-digit numbers using place value strategies and what I already know about adding and subtracting to help me.
- I can use a ruler, meter stick, or measuring tape to measure the length of an object.
- I can use addition and subtraction to solve word problems about length.
- I can show whole number lengths on a number line.
- I can show whole number sums and differences to 100 on a number line.
- I can recognize and draw shapes when I am told specific attributes.
- I can identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.
- I can break a rectangle into rows and columns of same-sized squares and count to find the total number of squares.
- I can break circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal parts.
- I can describes the parts using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc.,
- I can describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, or four fourths.
- I can recognize that equal parts of identical wholes (two of the same sized rectangles) do not need to have the same shape.

